CPEC

California Postsecondary Education Commission

Community College Enrollment Demand Projections, 2008 to 2019 (Updated)

Previous Finding

- Community college enrollment demand expected to increase from 91 students per 1,000 Californians ages 14 to 49 in 2008, to 97 students per 1,000 Californians in 2019.

Updated Finding

- 92 students per 1,000 to102 students per1,000.

Previous Finding

- The state should prepare for 222,345 additional community college students by 2019 above the fall 2008 peak enrollment level.

Updated Finding

- 313,253 additional community college students by 2019.

Previous Finding

- Beginning in fall 2016, the system will be asked for the first time to serve more than 2 million students during each fall term.

Updated Finding

- Beginning in fall 2011, the system will be asked for the first time to serve more than 2 million students during each fall term.

Previous Finding

- Without enrollment growth funding, the number of prospective students not served over the next two years could total 400,539, resulting in significant pent-up demand. To catch up, community colleges will need at least 3% enrollment growth funding annually until college opportunity is restored.

Updated Finding

- The number of prospective students not served could top 365,000 by fall 2010. To catch up, community colleges will need at least 3.8% enrollment growth funding annually until college opportunity is restored.

Previous Finding

- 54 of the 72 (75 %) community college districts are facing capacity pressures, in that they are serving more full-time equivalent students (FTES) than recommended by state classroom utilization standards. The current capacity deficit on a statewide basis is 186,000 FTES, which could grow to 350,000 FTES.

Updated Finding

- 57 of the 72 (79 %) community college districts are facing capacity pressures. The current capacity deficit on a statewide basis is 192,347 FTES, which could grow to 425,163 FTES.